Deesa farmers reap 'healthy' potato harvest

And now eating them may not take you on a guilt trip. Some farmers of Palanpur in north Gujarat have started growing a variety of potatoes that have low sugar comtent than the conventional ones.

Deesa is already famous for producing king-size potatoes that have many takers in multi-national comparaies. This region supplies 40 per cent of the country's total potato production. In the last two years, some farmers in Deesa taluka of Palanpur began experimenting with a new variety of potatoes getting

its name from its red outer skin.

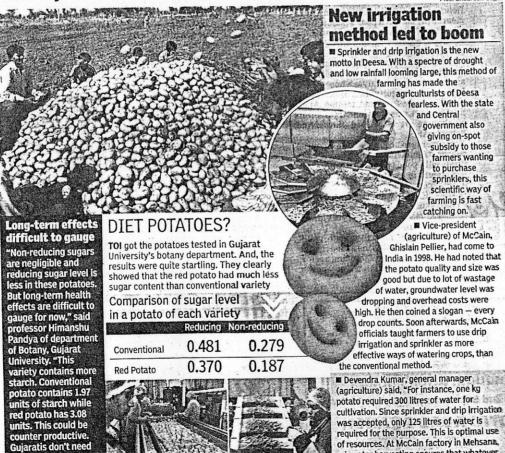
Scientists from Dantiwada Agriculture University were present when the red potato's seeds were first sown by farmers. The scientists had raised doubts over success of this crop because this type of potato is usually found in mountainous terrain. However, farmers went ahead with their experiment. And, it paid off. For the last two years, they are reaping rich dividends from this new variety



P# Chaudhary with his lastest harvest

Shyamal Chaudhary, a farmer of Banaskantha, said, "When we took up this experiment, there were many detractors. But, our success shut them up and we are increasing production every year." The potato found takers among potato chips and wafer prodwicing companies. Testing the potato in their laboratories, the companies found that not only did these protatoes have less water content — which is ideal for wafers - but they were also low on sugar.

This potato is a little expensive than the conventrional one, "Farmers sell it for Rs 9 per kg, instead of the Rs 6 per kg of conventional variety. This is the wholesale rate given to companies like Balaji, ITC, Gurgaon and Pepsico," said PJ Chaudhary, a Deesabased farmer.



Experiment with new red variety that has low sugar content; a hit with food chains Prashant Dayal | TNN New irrigation method led to boom to the Aloo

Prashant Dayal | TNN

Ahmedabad: Jethabhai Chaudhary, 80, a farmer of Deesa, drives a white SUV to Ahmedabad and to the market yard to conduct business. In the evenings, he likes to get back to the comfort of his bungalow and settle down watching his favourite programmes on satellite television.

fearless. With the state

government also

giving on-spot

to purchase

subsidy to those

farmers wanting

sprinklers, this

scientific way of

farming is fast

catching on.

■ Vice-president

rainwater harvesting ensures that whatever

processing the potatoes is also recharged."

water is consumed by the factory in

(agriculture) of McCain.

and Central

In 2005, he was a mediocre farmer cultivating potatoes on 4 acres of land. Today, he grows them in over 42 acres of land. This year, he filed income tax returns of Rs 62 lakh. "I never thought I will drive a Scorpio. A tractor was all that I had earlier," he told TOI. He owes his lifestyle to the king-size tuber crop he produces in this part of the state.

Phulchand Mali, a farmer of Deesa, too has a similar story to tell. He had a lot of land but no knowledge of scientific farming. In 2004, just before McCain Foods (India) Private Limited officials came to Deesa, Mali used to produce potatoes in a 15-acre plot. McCain officers taught him and other farmers the nuances of drip irrigation, use of sprinklers and right dosage of fertilizers to optimize crop production.

The first crop produce proved to be a catalyst towards social and economic transformation. Not only were crease in profit margin continued.

200 acres of land. "McCain taught us touch 25,000 tonnes."



this new way of farming and changed our lifestyle forever," said Mali. And, this tale of success and prosperity was experienced by many other farmers. In 2005-06, potato farming was spread over 16,500 acres of Palanpur district. Potato production then used to be 4.7 lakh tonnes. In 2007-08, the cultivation grew to 33,400 acres and production touched 10 lakh tonnes. All over Gujarat, potatoes are grown on 65,213 acres of land with an annual production of 18.89 lakh tonnes.

Parag Patel, another farmer said, "Earlier potato production in my 190acre land was 10 to 11 tonnes per acre. The sprinkler method ensured that it jumped to 15-17 tonnes per acre. In some cases the production has touched a high of 22 tonnes."

General manager (plant), McCain Foods (India) Private Limited, Rajeev the potatoes larger in size but water Chauhan, which supplies French fries usage had been minimal and overall to many countries in India and Asia expenses also decreased. The in- says, "In 2006, we purchased 5,000 tonnes of potatoes from Deesa farm-Today, Mali cultivates potatoes in ers. In 2009, our purchase figure will

starch as much since

physical exercise."

there is less of